

Three Years LL.B:
First Year - Second Semester
PAPER – I

Five Years LL.B:
Third Year-Fifth Semester
PAPER-I

FAMILY LAW - II

1. Testamentary succession - Indian Succession Act, 1925 - Will - Capacity to make will - Privileged and unprivileged will - Conditional and contingent will - Legacies - Kinds of legacies - Ademption and abatement of legacies - Codicil - Probate - Succession certificate - Interpretation of wills - Revocation of will.
2. Intestate succession - Law of inheritance - Personal laws relating to succession - Need for uniform civil code.
3. Inheritance - Schools of inheritance under Hindu and Muslim law.
4. Rules of intestate succession applicable to Hindus, Muslims and Christians - Effect of conversion.
5. Pre-emption - Wakf - Role of Mutawali and Wakif - Power of Mutawali in the administration of Wakf property - Removal of Mutawali - Gift - Musha - Revocation of gift - Kinds- Mard- ul - maut.

Statutory materials:

1. Hindu Succession Act, 1955
2. Muslim Personal Law (Shariat) Application Act, 1937
3. Wakf Act, 1995
4. Indian Succession Act, 1925

Books Recommended:

1. Mulla - Hindu Law
2. Mulla - Mohammedan Laws
3. N. R. Raghavachari - Hindu Law
4. S. N. Gupta - Maintenance and Guardianship
5. Henry Maine - Hindu Law
6. Paras Diwan - Modern Hindu Law
7. Fyzee - Outlines of Mohammedan Law
8. Tahir Mohamed.- Muslim Law in India.

Three Years LL.B:
First Year - Second Semester
PAPER – II

Five Years LL.B:
Second Year-Fourth Semester
PAPER-IV

SPECIAL CONTRACTS

1. Indemnity - Definition - Implied indemnity - Rights of indemnity holder- Rights of indemnifier.
2. Guarantee - Definition - Essentials - Continuing guarantee - Rights of Surety against the creditor, against the principal debtor, against co - surety - Surety's liability - Discharge of surety - Distinction between indemnity and guarantee.
3. Bailment - Definition - Essentials - Kinds of bailment - Rights of bailor and bailee - Duties of bailor and bailee.
4. Pledge - Definition - Pledge by non - owners - Distinction between bailment and pledge.
5. Contract of Agency - Definition - Distinction between agent and servant - Agency by ratification - Sub- agent and substituted agent - Rights and duties of agent - Agents personal liability - Notice to an agent notice to the principal - Termination of agency - Irrevocable agency.
6. Sale of goods - Definition of sale and agreement to sell - Distinction between sale and agreement to sell - Conditions and warranties - Sale by non - owner - CIF, FOB, Ex-ship contract - Sale by auction - Rule as to passing of property in goods - Rights of an unpaid seller.
7. Partnership - Definition - Distinction between partnership and co - ownership, Joint Hindu family, limited company - Test to determine partnership - Registration of firm - Rights and duties of the partners - Minor and partnership - Reconstitution of the firm - Dissolution of the firm.

Statutory Materials:

1. Indian Contract Act, 1872
2. Sale of Goods Act, 1930
3. Partnership Act, 1932

Books Recommended:

1. Avtar Singh - The Law of Contracts
2. Mulla - Sale of Goods Act.

Three Years LL.B:
First Year - Second Semester
PAPER – III

Five Years LL.B:
Third Year-Sixth Semester
PAPER-I

CONSTITUTIONAL LAW-II

1. The union Executive (Art 52-78).
 The nature and extent of executive power – the position, Powers and functions of the president – procedure for the election and impeachment of presidents.
 Vice President – Power, Function, Election and removal.

The position, powers, functions and duties of the council of ministers – the position and power of the prime minister – scope of president’s power regarding the advice given by the council of ministers – attorney general of India.

2. State executive (Art 152-167).

Executive power of the state – constitutional position of governor – his powers, functions and duties, appointment and removal – position of the council of minister vis-à-vis – governor – advocate general for the state.

3. Union legislature. (Art 79-123).

Union Parliament – Powers of chairman – Deputy chairman, speaker and deputy speaker – their removal from office – salaries and immunities of parliament and its member. legislative procedure various stages in the enactment of a statute – sittings of house – procedure relating to original bills, money bills and other financial bills – annual financial statements – assents to bills- powers of president to promulgate ordinances during recess of parliament.

4. State legislature (Art 168-213)

Composition and duration of the houses- the legislative procedure and privileges by the house.

5. Union judiciary (Art 124-147).

Position of the supreme court in the constitution system – establishment and constitution of the supreme court – qualification , appointment – removal of judges – original , appellate and advisory jurisdiction of supreme court.

6. State judiciary (Art 214-237)

High court judges appointment- qualification, condition of services- removal and transfer – powers and jurisdiction of high courts, subordinate courts – appointments of district judges – control over subordinate courts

7. Union territory (Art 239-241).

8. Legislative relation between union and state (Art 245-255).

9. Administrative relation (Art 256-263).

10. Financial relation (Art 268-291).

11. Trade commerce and intercourse within the territory of India(Art 301-307).

12. Service under union and states. (Art 308-312).

Doctrine of pleasure.

13. Public service commission (Art 315-323).

14. Tribunals (Art 323-323B)

15. Government liability in contract and torts (Art 299-300)

16. Emergency provision (Art 352 – 360)

17. Certain important constitutional functionaries and bodies

I. Comptroller and Auditor general (Art 148-153)

II. Election commission (Art 324).

III. Finance commission (Art 280).

IV. Interstate council (Art 263).

18. Form of government – nature and essential feature of parliamentary form and presidential system of government.

BOOK RECOMMENDED:

1. V.N.Shukla- Constitution of India.
2. D.D.Basu – Shorter Constitution of India.
3. M.P.Jain – Constitution law.
4. H.M.Seervai – Constitutional law of India.
5. K.C.Where – modern constitution.

Granville Austin – Indian constitution – the cornerstone of nation.

Three Years LL.B:
First Year - Second Semester
PAPER – IV

Five Years LL.B:
Second Year-Fourth Semester
PAPER-II

**LAW OF TORTS INCLUDING
CONSUMER PROTECTION LAWS.**

PART - I

1. Definition and nature - Essentials of torts - Basis of tortious liability - Kinds of torts.
2. Strict liability - Absolute liability - Vicarious liability - Conditions negating liability.
3. Negligence - Contributory negligence - Duty of care and condition - Nuisance - Private and public.
4. Injuries to persons - Assault – Defamation - Malicious prosecution - False Imprisonment - Trespass to goods and trespass to goods.

5. Remedies - Kinds of remedies - Damage - Foreseeability of damage -Remoteness of damage - Constitutional remedies - Extra- legal remedies.

PART – II

6. Consumer law - Salient features of the Consumer Protection Act, 1986 - Deficiency of service - Defect in products - Forum of adjudication - Remedies.

Books Recommended:

1. Winfield and Jolowicx - On Tort
2. Salmond - Law of Torts
3. Ratan Lal and Dhirajilal - Law of Torts
4. Bangia - Law of Torts
5. P. S. Achuthan Pillai - Law of Tort
6. B. M. Gandhi - Law of Tort
7. P. K. Majumdar - Law of Consumer Protection in India.
8. D. V. Sarat - Law of Consumer Protection in India.

Three Years LL.B:
First Year - Second Semester
PAPER – V

Five Years LL.B:
Third Year-Fifth Semester
PAPER-IV

PROPERTY LAW

PART - I: General Principles:

1. The Law of Property in India - Prior to 1882 - Transfer of Property Act, 1882 - Scope and object of the Act - Transfer inter vivos.
2. The concept of property - Moveable and immovable property - Things attached to earth - Notice - Attestation.
3. Parties to transfer - Transferable property - Formalities of transfer (Ss. 5 - 9) - Illegal restraints (Ss. 10 -12, 17, 18).
4. .Future interests (S. 19) - Conditional transfer - Transfer in favour of unborn person (S. 13) - Rule against perpetuity (S. 14).
5. Transfer by ostensible owner (S. 47) - Doctrine of limited owner (S.38) - Doctrine of feeding the grant by estoppel (S. 43) - Fraudulent transfer (S.52) - Doctrine of lis pendens (S. 53) - Part performance (S. 53 - A)

PART – II: Specific Transfers:

6. Sale - Definition - Mode of transfer by sale - Contract for sale - Rights and liabilities of buyer and seller - Discharge of encumbrance.
7. Mortgage - Definition of concepts - Kinds of mortgage - Rights and liabilities – Redemption and foreclosure - Marshalling and contribution.
8. Lease - Definition - Kinds of lease - Lease how made- Rights and liabilities of lessor and lessee - Termination of lease.
9. Gift - Definition - How made and effected - Revocable gifts - Onerous gifts - Universal donee.
10. Easement - Definition - Characteristics - Kinds - Incidents - Creation, termination and suspension - Distinction with other similar concepts - Licence.

Statutory Materials: 1) Transfer of Property Act 1882. 2) Indian Easement Act, 1882.

Books Recommended:

1. Mulla - Transfer of Property
2. B. P. Mitra - Transfer of Property
3. Krishna Menon - Transfer of Property
4. Shaw - Lectures on Property Law
5. Tiwari - Transfer of Property
6. H. S. Gour - Transfer of Property Act
7. Goyel - Law of Easements and License.
8. Sanjeeva Row - Easement Act.

Three Years LL.B:
First Year - Second Semester
PAPER – VI

Five Years LL.B:
Third Year-Fifth Semester
PAPER-III

LABOUR LAW-I

(Industrial Relation)

Part A: Industrial Relations.

Labour movement in India during British rule and later growth of trade union – policy of laise fair and welfarism origin of labour legislation in India- royal commission and nation on labour-economic liberalisation impact on labour management relation.

Management of industrial relation – industry – industrial dispute – mechanism and techniques of settlements of dispute – trade unionism – registration and recognition of trade union- trade union – regulation of condition of service under standing orders.

Statutes to be taught:

- A. Industrial Disputes Act 1947.
- B. Trade Unions Act 1926.
- C. Industrial employment (standing orders) Act 1946.

Part B: Labour Welfare.

Law relating to welfare of workers- minimum wages – protection against unauthorised deduction – Bonus – Equal remuneration – abolition of - contract labour, bonded labour and child labour- special provision relating to women and children.

Statutes to be taught:

- A. Minimum Wages Act 1948.

- B. Payments of Wages Act 1936.
- C. Factories Act 1948.
- D. Payment of Bonus Act 1965.
- E. Equal Remuneration Act 1976.
- F. Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act 1970.
- G. Bonded Labour system (Abolition) Act 1976.
- H. Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act 1986.

Books recommended:

1. Industrial Disputes – Malhotra , O.P Vol.1 & 2
2. Labour Problems in india – V.V.Giri.
3. Industrial Law – Malik P.L.
4. Labour and Industry – Ramasamy and Umaramasamy.

Minimum wages act – Apte and Chopra.